STRONG CHILDREN'S RESEARCH CENTER

Summer 2014 Research Scholar

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ABSTRACT

Title: Bicarbonate secretion in immature rabbits is deficient despite pendrin expression in beta-intercalated cells

Background: The kidney is responsible for maintaining blood pH via acid/base transport which occurs in the cortical collecting duct (CCD)ÈA -intercalated cells secrete bicarbonate (HCO₃⁻DÅ, @A^Á -intercalated cells secrete protons. HCO₃⁻ secretion is accomplished through pendrin, a CI/ HCO₃⁻ anion-exchanger e¢] $|^{\bullet \bullet \bullet \wedge a}$ A $= \frac{1}{2}$ $A = \frac{1}$

Objective: To determine whether lack of pendrin expression accounts for the observed bicarbonate secretion deficiency in immature rabbits.

Results: We assessed the number of PNA+ cells by staining CCDs for PNA and found that 9-day-old rabbits contain -intercalated cell at amounts comparable to adults per CCD. We then assessed pendrin expression [-Á -intercalated cells by staining CCDs for pendrin and observed comparable numbers of pendrin-expressing cells per CCD in 9-day rabbits and adults. To quantify pendrin mRNA abundance we conducted a real time reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (qRT-PCR) which indicated that pendrin mRNA levels were not significantly different in 9-day rabbits versus adults.

Conclusions: Diminished bicarbonate secretion in immature rabbits is not due to lack of pendrin expression.