

KAWASAKI STEEL TECHNICAL REPORT

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Rolling Technology and Modernization of Chiba Works

Construction of New Stainless Steelmaking Shop with Highly Flexible Raw Material Choice:Construction and Operation of No. 4 Steelmaking Shop at Chiba Works

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Synopsis :

Kawasaki Steel started materialization of modernization project of the Chiba Works to establish environmental-friendly iron and steel works directing toward the 21st century. This project includes construction of No. 4 steelmaking shop and No. 3 hot strip mill, and reorganization of the east area of the works. No. 4 steelmaking shop, located at the west area of the works, was designed to produce especially stainless steel and high carbon steel and to replace the old No. 1 steelmaking shop. In the steelmaking process, an introduction of smelting reduction-decarburization process realizes a wide range of raw material choice. To meet the demand for a clean ultra low carbon stainless steel, VOD and vertical-bending type continuous caster were adopted. The operation of this new steelmaking shop started in July 1994 and has successfully contributed to the improvement of productivity, product quality and reduction in costs.

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Synopsis:

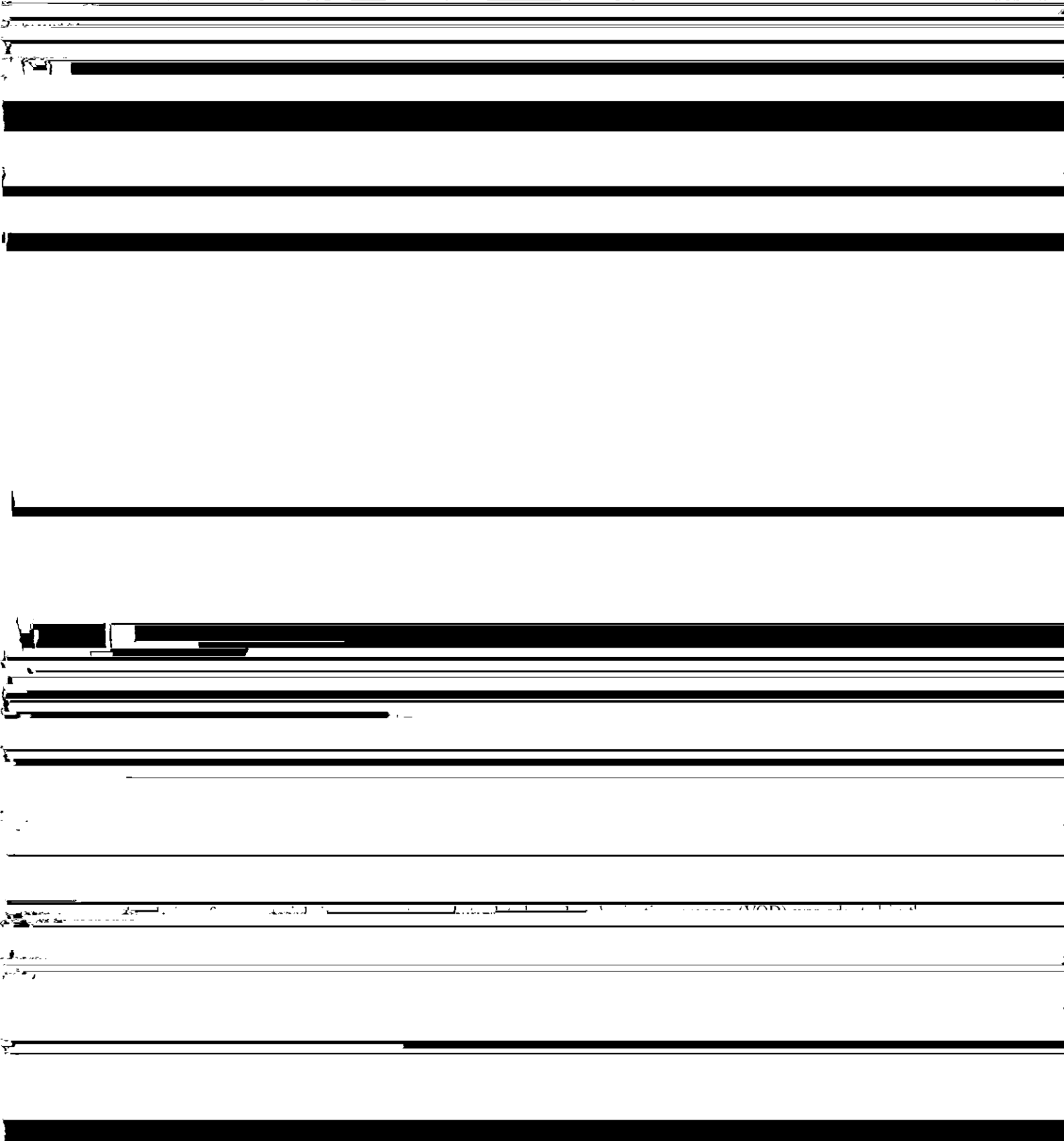
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plant, and a 100% transfer of production from the No. 1

For increased raw material flexibility, full consideration

steelmaking shop was completed in approximately one year. The ratio of production by direct smelting reduc-

was also given to the use of stainless scrap in large quantity. To meet increasing demand for ultra-low car-



no. _____

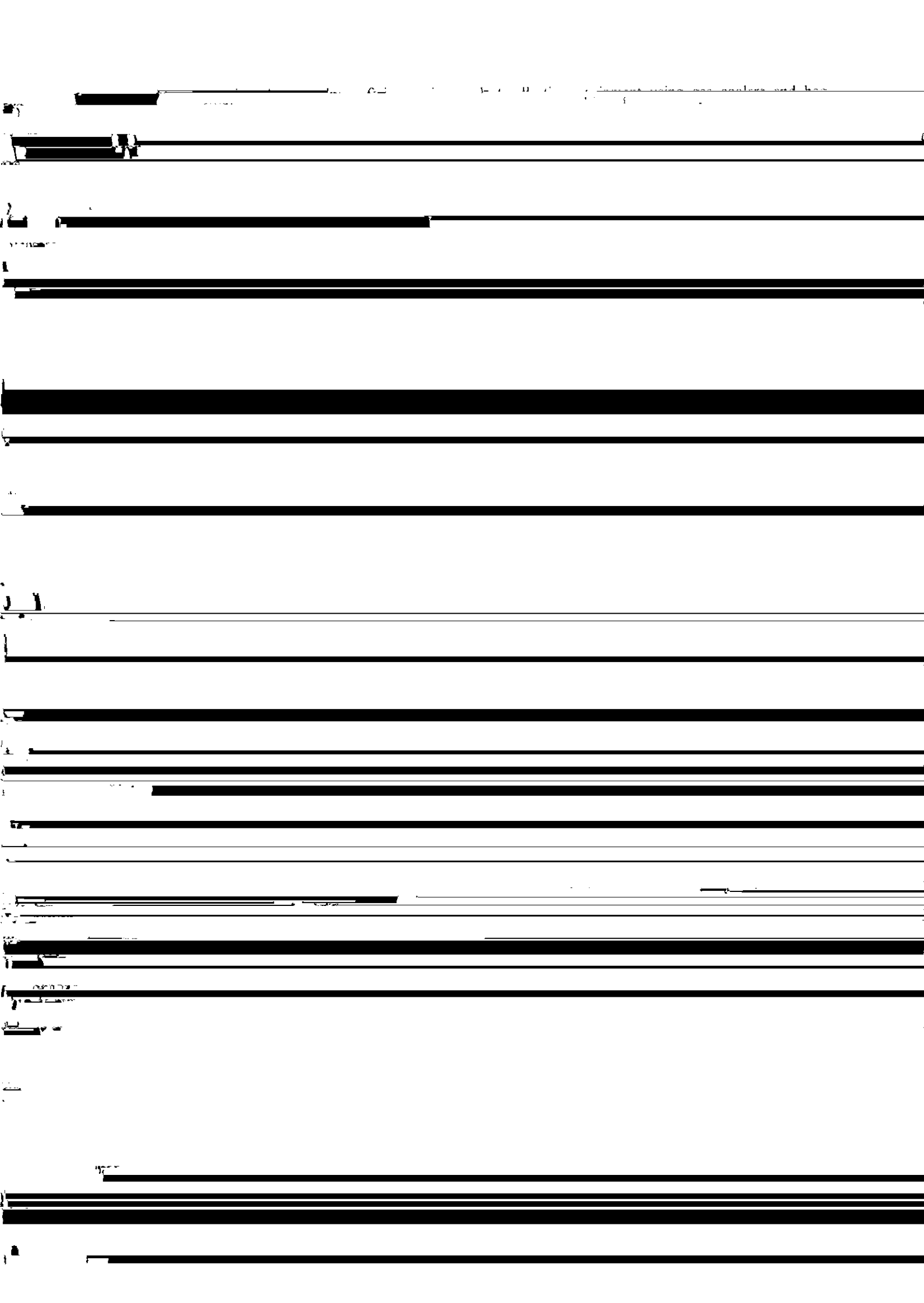
Department of _____

Lower cost refining _____

No. 3 steelmaking shop, which produces mainly carbon
steel. A converter shop and raw material yard are laid

Table 1 Specifications of SR-KCB

Mechanical Properties	
Property	Value
Yield Strength (MPa)	205
Tensile Strength (MPa)	520
Elongation at Break (%)	40
Hardness (HV)	150
Chemical Composition	
C	0.025
Mn	0.035
P	0.015
S	0.008
Si	0.035
Ni	9.0
Cr	18.0
Physical Properties	
Density (g/cm³)	7.93
Modulus of Elasticity (GPa)	193
Thermal Expansion Coefficient (10⁻⁶/°C)	16.5
Thermal Conductivity (W/m·K)	16.3
Electrical Resistivity (μΩ·cm)	72



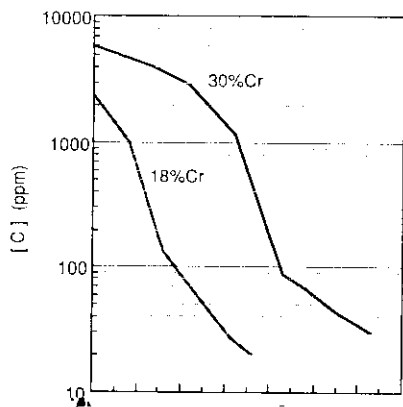


Fig. 8 Result of VOD operation for super ferritic stainless steel

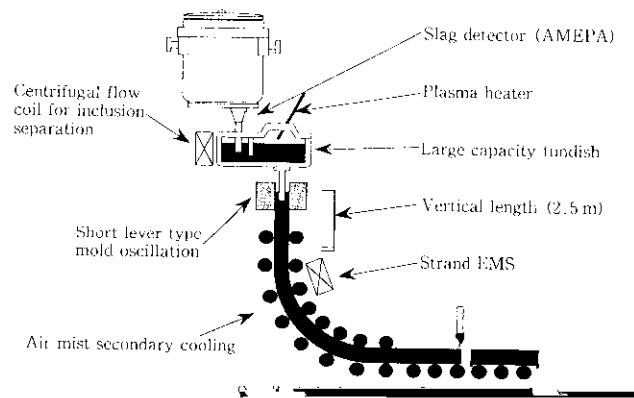


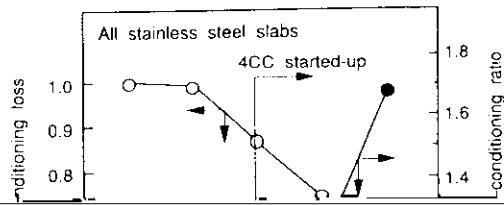
Fig. 9 Schematic illustration of representative facility for continuous casting

stainless steel

speed that surpasses that of VOD of the No. 1 steel

Table 5 Specifications of No. 4CCM

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response to changing stainless steel raw material prices and further improvement in productivity and quality, making the maximum use of functions of the equipment.

References